

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES A. GARFIELD,

of Ohio.

For Vice President,

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

of New York.

For Governor,

SHELBY M. CULLOM,

of Sangamon.

For Lieutenant Governor,

JOHN M. HAMILTON,

of McLean.

For Secretary of State,

HENRY D. DEMENT,

of Lee.

For Auditor of Public Accounts,

CHARLES F. SWIGERT,

of Kane.

For Treasurer,

EDWARD RUTZ,

of Cook.

For Attorney General,

JAMES MCCARTNEY,

of Wayne.

For Congress—14th District,

JOSEPH G. CANNON,

of Vermilion county.

For Member of the State Board of Equalization,

MAJ. CHARLES F. EMERY,

of Macon county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION

The Republican voters of the several townships and election districts, in Macon county, are requested to elect delegates to a county convention, to be held at the court house in Decatur, on

Thursday, August 6th,

at 10 o'clock a. m. for the following purposes:

1st. To reorganize the county central committee;

2d. To choose delegates to represent Macon county in the legislative convention of the 26th general assembly, hereafter to be called;

3d. To nominate candidates for clerk of the Circuit Court, Sheriff, Coroner and Prosecuting Attorney, to be voted for at the election of November election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. The basis of representation will be one delegate for every 50 votes cast for Rutherford B. Hayes in 1876, and one delegate for every fraction of 25 votes. Upon this basis the several townships and districts will be entitled to delegates as follows:

Decatur—1st District	8	Long Creek	2
" 2d "	3	" "	1
" 3d "	3	" "	1
" 4th "	4	" "	1
" 5th "	4	" "	1
" 6th "	4	" "	1
" 7th "	4	" "	1
" 8th "	4	" "	1
" 9th "	4	" "	1
" 10th "	4	" "	1
" 11th "	4	" "	1
" 12th "	4	" "	1
" 13th "	4	" "	1
" 14th "	4	" "	1
" 15th "	4	" "	1
" 16th "	4	" "	1
" 17th "	4	" "	1
" 18th "	4	" "	1
" 19th "	4	" "	1
" 20th "	4	" "	1
" 21st "	4	" "	1
" 22nd "	4	" "	1
" 23rd "	4	" "	1
" 24th "	4	" "	1
" 25th "	4	" "	1
" 26th "	4	" "	1
" 27th "	4	" "	1
" 28th "	4	" "	1
" 29th "	4	" "	1
" 30th "	4	" "	1
" 31st "	4	" "	1
" 32nd "	4	" "	1
" 33rd "	4	" "	1
" 34th "	4	" "	1
" 35th "	4	" "	1
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" 37th "	4	" "	1
" 38th "	4	" "	1
" 39th "	4	" "	1
" 40th "	4	" "	1
" 41st "	4	" "	1
" 42nd "	4	" "	1
" 43rd "	4	" "	1
" 44th "	4	" "	1
" 45th "	4	" "	1
" 46th "	4	" "	1
" 47th "	4	" "	1
" 48th "	4	" "	1
" 49th "	4	" "	1
" 50th "	4	" "	1

By order of the committee,

JAMES C. LAKE, Chairman.

GRANT says that Hancock's record is good, but the record of the party which nominated him is bad. That tells the whole story, and upon Gen. Grant's brief but succinct statement of the case the contest will be made and Hancock permitted to stay in the position where he has made a good record.

There is a sad state of unhappiness prevailing among the mossbacks in the fifteenth district, which has culminated in the nomination of two Democratic candidates for congress, Hon. John R. Eden and Col. J. W. Miller. The Democracy of the fifteenth was not harmonious in 1878, and lost a congressman on account of that fact. From present appearances the same result will happen to them again.

The names of several preachers were attached to the call for a Garfield club. We understand that this has given offense to some persons who seem to think that a preacher has no right to be a man or a citizen. Possibly if these preachers had signed a call for a Hancock club no objection would have been made. Politics in the pulpit are out of place, and we have no preacher in Decatur that preaches politics on Sunday, but outside of the pulpit they are men, and have just as good a right to vote and talk as they please as any body else, and sensible people certainly can see this. If preachers want to be democrats sensible republicans won't make a fuss about it.

Every schoolboy of thirty years ago remembers the poetical selection that was so popular for recitation purposes, beginning: "Mr. Orator put two tones to his voice." The versatility displayed by a certain reporter in Decatur reminds us forcibly of Mr. Orator Puff. When he reports a Republican meeting for a Democratic paper he calls it "a flash in the pan," and laboriously seeks to convey the idea that the orator of the occasion made a flat failure; but, when he telegraphs a report of the same meeting to a Republican paper he calls it a grand success, and says the speaker was successful enough to call forth "unmitigated applause." And yet this versatile scribbler has the cheek to stigmatize other folks as "liars!"

It is a great thing to have what is called nerve, and nothing contributes more to the power of physical control than what is called nerve. It is a great thing to have what is called nerve, and nothing contributes more to the power of physical control than what is called nerve. It is a great thing to have what is called nerve, and nothing contributes more to the power of physical control than what is called nerve.

The largest stock of Parlor Suits ever shown in Decatur are now in the show room at Ashby & Andrews'. If you don't need one, call and see them. It will do you good to look at them. You 5-dtf

The Chicago Advance of yesterday has the following with reference to the relations between Grant and Hancock, and the ridiculous story started by the New York paper misnamed Truth not long since:

General Grant denied promptly the report in the Truth. The following, addressed to the editor of the Advance, is interesting as confirmatory of that denial, and as alike contradictory of the report that General Grant had cherished a personal animosity and petty spite against Hancock ever since the Mexican war.

"You have probably seen that I denied the canard started by the New York Truth the very day it was started. I have nothing to say against General Hancock. I have known him for forty years. His personal, official and military record is good. The record of the party which has put him in nomination is bad. Yours truly, U. S. GRANT."

Gen. Grant, as usual, states his position in few words, and we commend his letter to the Democratic press. Publish it, gentlemen; it is not long, but it is "mighty interesting."

The Corset in Politics.

Dayton Journal.

Whether General Hancock wears corsets or not is a question of more importance than would seem at first glance. That fact once established will prove a serious obstacle to his polling his full party vote. The old Jackson democracy, that glories in old Hickory with his simple habits and his corn pipe, will hardly take kindly to the corseted Hancock. This matter of apparel has a greater influence in the success or defeat of a man seeking political honors than one would suppose. Two notable instances occur to us.

The most recent is that of Governor Williams, of Indiana, who sailed into office by wearing a pair of blue jeans pants. On all occasions during the campaign the old blue jeans made their appearance and created a great popular furor in his favor, and to day, if you ask an Indiana democrat who is governor of his state, his sole reply will be "Blue Jeans," leaving you in doubt whether Williams or his pants is governor. The other instance, which occurred quite differently, was that of a candidate for congress some years ago in Kentucky. Said candidate was very aristocratic, and was on the democratic ticket, and his district was overwhelmingly democratic; the majority was up in the thousands, but his great majority availed him naught, when it was established that when taking his nocturnal rest he wore a night gown. When his bucolic constituency were convinced of the fact, although a gifted and eloquent man, he could make no appeal strong enough to induce them to support him for congress, so the night-gown candidate was defeated for congress by a round majority. We have the instance of a blue jeans pair of pants electing a man to the governorship of Indiana, and a night-gown defeating the Kentucky gentleman for congress, and it remains to be seen what influence a corset will have in the fortunes of the democratic candidate for the presidency.

Ought to take a Back Seat for Life.

Kingdom, N. Y. Daily Freeman.

Mr. English, of Indiana, was in congress in 1860, when the first signs of the secession movement were agitating the country. He appeared in the role of pacificator, and this was his program: First, "for the purpose of doing justice," to divide the territory of the country between the free and the slave states. Second, to make cities, counties and towns liable in double the value of fugitive slaves rescued. A few weeks later he presented a resolution pledging congress to "remove all causes of irritation." Mr. English can take the back seat assigned to Bourbon by the progressive men who rule this country.

It now begins to look as if Hancock

has been an old Bourbon Democrat all his time. In 1877 he refused to obey Tilden and to help Hancock. During the war he wished to march on Washington and help depose Lincoln and Stanton. So goes the story. Well, we are ready to believe almost anything of him when we are assured he was always a Democrat, but at the same time this journal has grave doubts of the propriety of the insane attempt to prove Hancock a traitor. There is no manner of doubt that he has always gone with his party. No one disputes this. There is no doubt that he ever protested against anything his party has favored, and he must bear all the odium that attaches itself to that party. This is fair enough. We should not blame his party for accepting Hancock as a good Democrat, nor Hancock for belonging to the party. All we need attempt is the prevention of his securing any Republican votes under false pretenses. He is not known, shown or believed to have done anything to merit the trust and support of Republicans, and if he only secures the votes of his own party he will not endanger the electoral college with more than the proper share. Show us a single Republican who prefers a life-long Democrat to an earnest and enthusiastic statesman and Republican like Garfield?—Bloomington Pantagraph.

Cash does the business.

We buy for cash, buy cheap, sell on low margins, try to get the best made and most durable goods that we can find, try to please our customers, never make any misrepresentations knowingly, always willing to correct mistakes, want your trade come and see us, we are always glad to see old friends and make new ones. BARBER & BAKER.

BRACKET, wall pockets, towel racks, &c., new stock, at J. T. Hand & Co.'s 21-dtf

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The Fourth at Batchelder's Grove.

ERASMUS REPUBLICAN.—For some years it has been the custom of the citizens of Hannibal and Illinois to celebrate the Fourth at Batchelder's Grove, and this year, on the 4th, the meeting took place on Saturday.

The day was all that could be desired, and the announcement that Mr. J. T. Clough would make the address, brought together an unusually large number.

The grove has come to be considered a kind of public property, in which all take a lively interest. Indeed, it is getting to be a little doubtful whether it belongs to Mr. S. E. Batchelder or to the people generally. He is permitted to have the care of it and to pay the taxes on it, but considered objectively as "The Grove," it is held to belong to the people. Fortunately this seems to be the view taken by Mr. Batchelder himself. "Our Grove" grows in beauty and attractiveness year by year, and was voted by all to be the "Gem of the Prairies"—the prettiest spot in the county.

Mr. J. H. Pickrel was chairman of the day, and a large body of singers from both towns made delightful music. The Rev. Mr. Good, of Hannibal, opened the exercises by prayer, and Miss Augusta Batchelder, recently a graduate of the Illinois Industrial University read the Declaration of Independence, and read it well. Her distinct enunciation and flexible intonation were creditable alike to herself and to her Alma Mater.

Then came dinner. Few men ought to attempt the description of a dinner, but to adequately describe that dinner—"You should have been there, Messrs. Editors!" Everybody was now ready to listen to Mr. Clough, and it is little to say that the address was in keeping with the pleasant incidents and surroundings of the day. Coming, as he does, from New England, where association with many spots sacred with memories of events and heroes of the Revolution has kept the fires of patriotism burning brightly in the hearts of her sons, his enthusiasm was of a peculiarly thorough and sincere type.

It was once said by some one, that a true Westerner was a Yankee expanded. This is much to say, when one considers the "principal product" of New England. They grow men down there. But grand as is the scenery of New England, and inspiring as are its associations, when one from there first views these boundless prairies and comes to understand their vast capabilities, he, for the first time, catches a glimpse of the future of this our country, and begins to live, not only in the recollection of the past, but in a very vivid present, and almost in a fast-coming future.

In a somewhat similar train of thought Mr. Clough gave his first impressions of this country when he came to the West many years ago, and his humorous contrasting of farm life here and there was most heartily enjoyed by all.

Mr. Clough's remarks were quite extended, and well received, adding greatly to the enjoyments of the day. Mr. Clough's address was followed by short speeches from Revs. Randall and Good, of Hannibal, and Sargent of Illinois. These addresses were filled with good points and were listened to with marked attention and interest.

Then followed the appointment of a committee who have in charge the arrangements for the celebration of the 4th in 1881, for you must know, Messrs. Editors, that the observance of the Fourth by the citizens of Hannibal and Illinois has become one of the fixed institutions. When next we celebrate, "may you be there to see."

THE CLEVELAND LEADER has made a diligent search of Winfield S. Hancock's civil record, and finds these to be the facts:

On the subject of the currency, he is a magnificent looking fellow.

On the subject of the tariff, he is a splendid soldier.

On the subject of free trade, he wears a brilliant uniform.

On the subject of river and harbor improvements he makes a grand appearance on horseback.

On state rights, he appears well in his epaulettes and brass buttons.

On civil-service reform, he has a fine military bearing.

On the so-called reform in the administration of the government, he is a model Murat.

On the subject of our foreign relations, he wears a splendid moustache.

On the school question, he is a handsome looking man.

On all other questions of public policy, he has a similar bearing.

REMARKABLE CASES.

Among the very many remarkable cures effected by Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, may be mentioned that of Charles S. Prentice, of Toledo, Ohio, who was by its use restored to health in a few weeks, after he had tried the treatment of some of the most eminent physicians of France, England, and America without benefit. His trouble was Bright's disease. Another is the cure of Peter Showerman, at the age of forty years, after greatly suffering for years from kidney and liver difficulties. Testimonials of these and others may be seen. For sale by W. C. Armstrong, druggist.

July 8 d&w2w

Bortree's Duplex Corset.

Every corset warranted double bone, double steel, double seam, a garment not to rip. The only perfect fitting corset in the world. It can be bought and fit any form instantly by means of the adjusting straps.

P. S.—See that the word "Bortree" appears on every box. Every corset warranted and money refunded in case it is not as represented. Bortree Manufacturing Co., 338 Broadway, N. Y. For sale at the

CHIEF STORE,

18 Merchant street.

d&w1w

MILAN's bread is always fresh and pure and sweet.

14-dtf

TELEGRAPHIC

POLITICS.

The Outlook in Indiana.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOODS

TOLEDO, July 9.—Wheat \$1.08 cash; \$1.07 first half July, \$1.03 1/2 second; 99 cents August.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 8.—There is one Republican congressman from Virginia—Hon. Joseph J. Morgan, from the fourth district. He has recently been renominated for the third term by the Republican voters of his district, and, on his return to this city, yesterday, was warmly congratulated by his friends. Mr. J. J. Morgan expresses himself as confident of re-election, and is also of the opinion that with earnest work the Republicans will be able to carry the first and second districts in his state. Garfield is very popular with the Republicans throughout the state, and, considering that the Democrats, including the so-called "Roadrunners," have two electoral tickets in the field, it is not impossible that the Republican electors may be elected.

Senator William Pinkney Whyte, of Maryland, having been greatly disappointed in not having been re-elected to the senate, is willing, in case Hancock is elected, to be consoling by a seat in the cabinet, the particular cushion which he favors being that of the navy department.

It will be remembered that a little over two years ago Congressman Banning, the Democratic representative from the second district of Ohio, introduced a bill in the house reorganizing and reducing the army. The party made a vigorous fight to pass the bill, the object being to reduce the army to a mere skeleton organization. The military committee having charge of the measure took considerable evidence from military men, General Hancock being among the number. The general's views were then entirely antagonistic to the policy pursued by the Democratic party toward the army, and it is not probable that they have since undergone any change. Nevertheless, Hancock makes a good enough candidate for a party notorious for its inconsistency.

Secretary Evans is on his farm at Woodstock, Vt. Secretary Ramsey is at his home in Minnesota; Secretary Thompson is in Indiana on his way to the Pacific coast, and Secretary Sherman is in New York, where he has gone for a week or ten days.

HANNIBAL, Mo., July 8.—The Clipper-Herald, this afternoon, has an elaborate article on the losses by breaks in the Sny levee on the Illinois side of the Mississippi river. After stating that it is seventy-two miles long, extending three miles south of Quincy to Hamburg bay, and nine miles south of Clarksville, and that it redeems 101,299 acres of land, it makes an estimate of the losses by multiplying the number of acres in wheat and corn which were overflowed by the average yield per acre, which, at present prices, would show a loss on wheat of \$200,000, and about the same amount on corn. The other losses, as to fences, barns, dwellings, farming implements, etc., will reach fully \$100,000, making the total loss half a million dollars. Not more than one-third of the wheat or corn crop is lost. The overflow from the break was nearly seventy hours traveling twenty-three miles, which gave many farmers time to save much of their property outside of the growing crops.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Lawrence R. Jerome, Jr., and Edward M. Patchell, charged with being in possession of railroad securities valued at \$87,000, belonging to Bryant, Ives & Co., Wall street, lost by a messenger July 3, were arraigned at the Tombs to day. James Wallace made affidavit that Jerome, on July 6, told him he (Jerome) expected to be rich soon, as he had found bonds valued at \$100,000. The counsel for the accused claimed to have a good defense, and demanded an examination, which was set down for this afternoon.

NEW YORK, July 8.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon Dr. Tanner entered upon the eleventh day of his fast. His pulse was 80, temperature 88.4, and respiration 14. Some excitement was caused by a statement from Dr. Bradley that a sponge saturated with nutritious liquid had been found by physicians on watch.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The remains of Colonel Pelton have been removed from the Everett House to the residence of ex-Governor Tilden. Pelton had been sailing for some days, and on Monday was taken seriously ill, death resulting from embolism of the heart at 3 a. m. to-day. The funeral takes place Friday at 15 Gramercy Park, and the remains will be conveyed to New Lebanon for interment. Ex-Governor Tilden's brother, Henry, and Mr. Pelton's mother and daughter were present at his death.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Secretary of State has indicated to the American representatives at Santiago and Lima that this government would not decline to intercede in behalf of the restoration of peace between the two countries. The tone of the latest official advice does not encourage the hope that the offer will be accepted, as the Peruvians do not yet concede that their cause is hopeless, and are now

preparing for a renewal of active hostilities. About a year ago the United States declined to unite with England and Germany will follow in their demands for peace. The Department of state regards the exorbitant demand of Chili for money indemnification for the losses incident to the war, and territorial security, as simply a subterfuge by means of which the Chilean government hopes to permanently annex some of the most valuable portions of the Peruvian soil.

